

## Homework 8: Part 1a

Look at the following results for a Thermistor calibration

Temperature, °F	Resistance, k $\Omega$
82	3.16
80	3.23
72.5	3.89
65	4.47
61	4.76
58	5.31
54	5.77
50.5	6.37
47.5	6.80

***CALIBRATED  
TEMPERATURE-  
RESISTANCE PAIR  
For Thermistor***

$$T_0 = 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$R_0 = 4.24\text{ k}\Omega$$

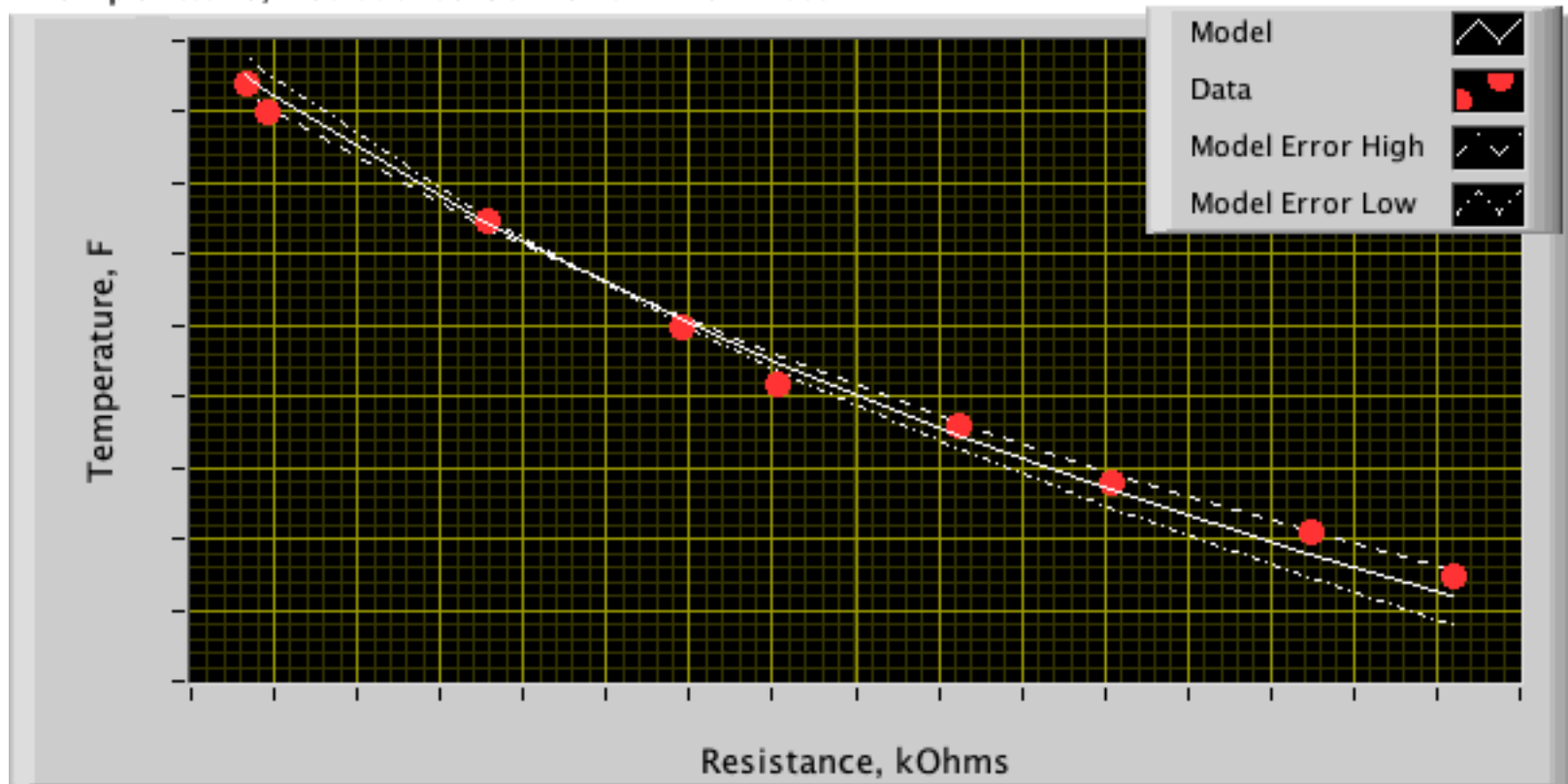


- Using the Steinhart-Hart equation, calculate the mean value for “ $\beta$ ” and assess the confidence interval for this mean estimate at the 95% confidence level. (assume student-t distribution). ***Be careful about your units for temperature! Use Absolute Units***
- Compare your model based on your average  $\beta$  against calibration data by Plotting  $T$  vs.  $R$  curve on same plot with calibration data. Plot  $R$  on ordinate-axis,  $T$  on abscissa.
- Use your “***high***” and “***low***” confidence interval estimates for  $\beta$  to plot error bounds for the temperature model on this plot ... how do these boundaries agree with your data?

## Homework 8: Part 1a <sup>(2)</sup>

- Hint .. Your comparison plot should look something like ...

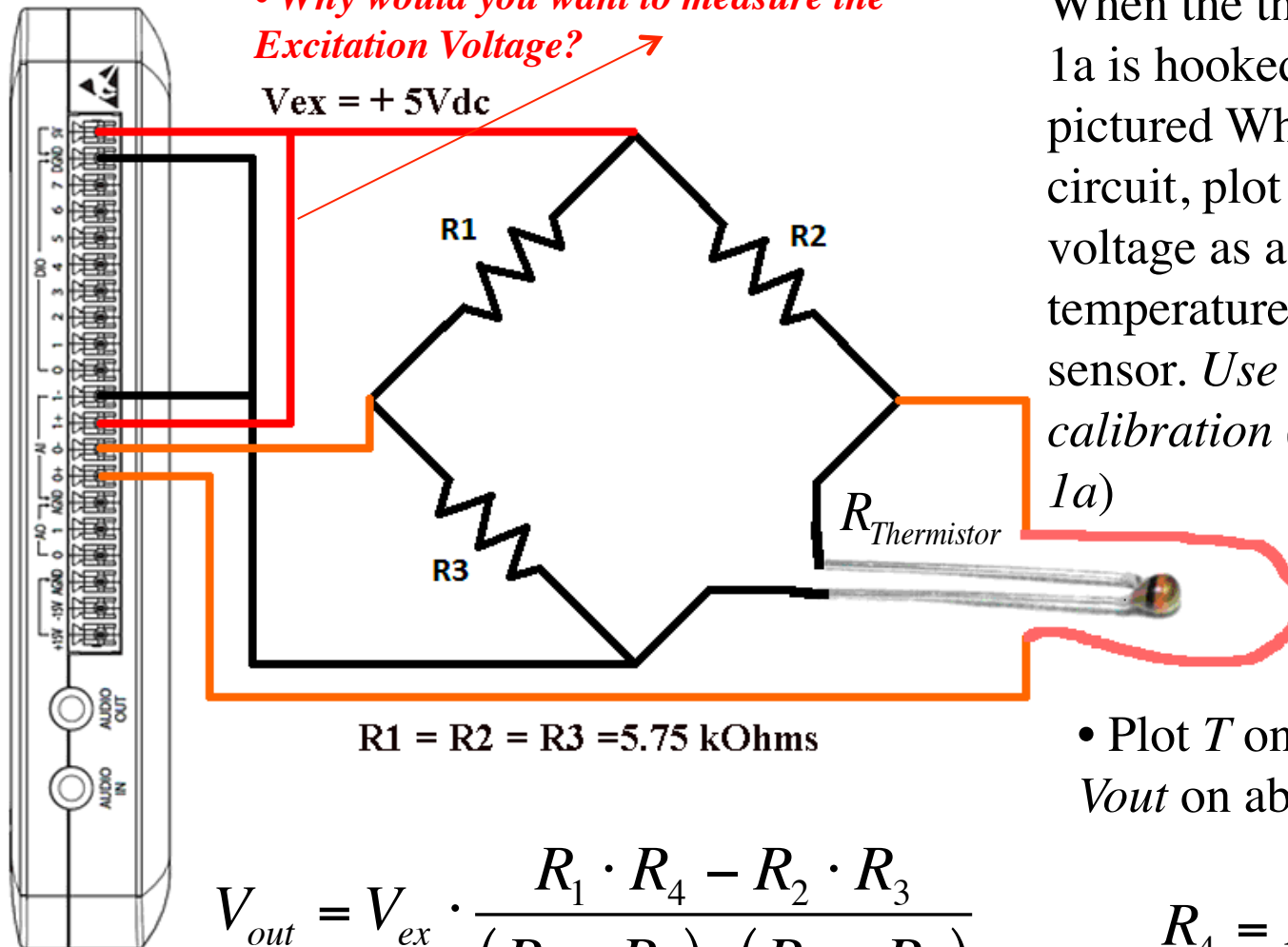
Temperature, Resistance Curve for Thermistor



## Homework 8: Part 1b

- Why would you want to measure the Excitation Voltage?

$V_{ex} = +5V_{dc}$



$R1 = R2 = R3 = 5.75 \text{ k}\Omega$

When the thermistor from part 1a is hooked up as a part of the pictured Wheatstone bridge circuit, plot the expected output voltage as a function of temperature on the thermistor sensor. Use thermistor calibration ( $\beta$ ) model from part 1a)

- Plot  $T$  on ordinate-axis,  $V_{out}$  on abscissa.

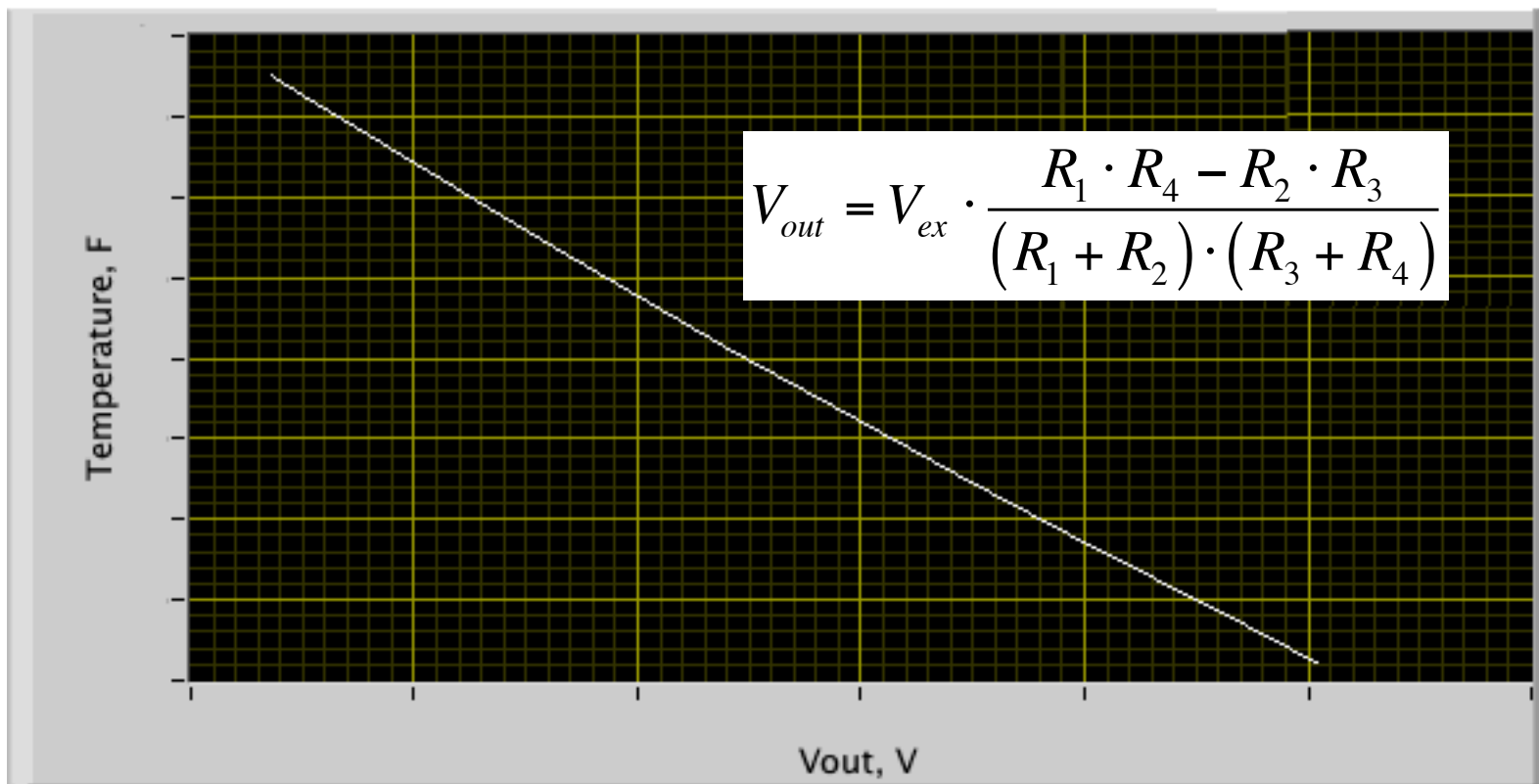
$$V_{out} = V_{ex} \cdot \frac{R_1 \cdot R_4 - R_2 \cdot R_3}{(R_1 + R_2) \cdot (R_3 + R_4)}$$

$$R_4 = R_{Thermistor}$$

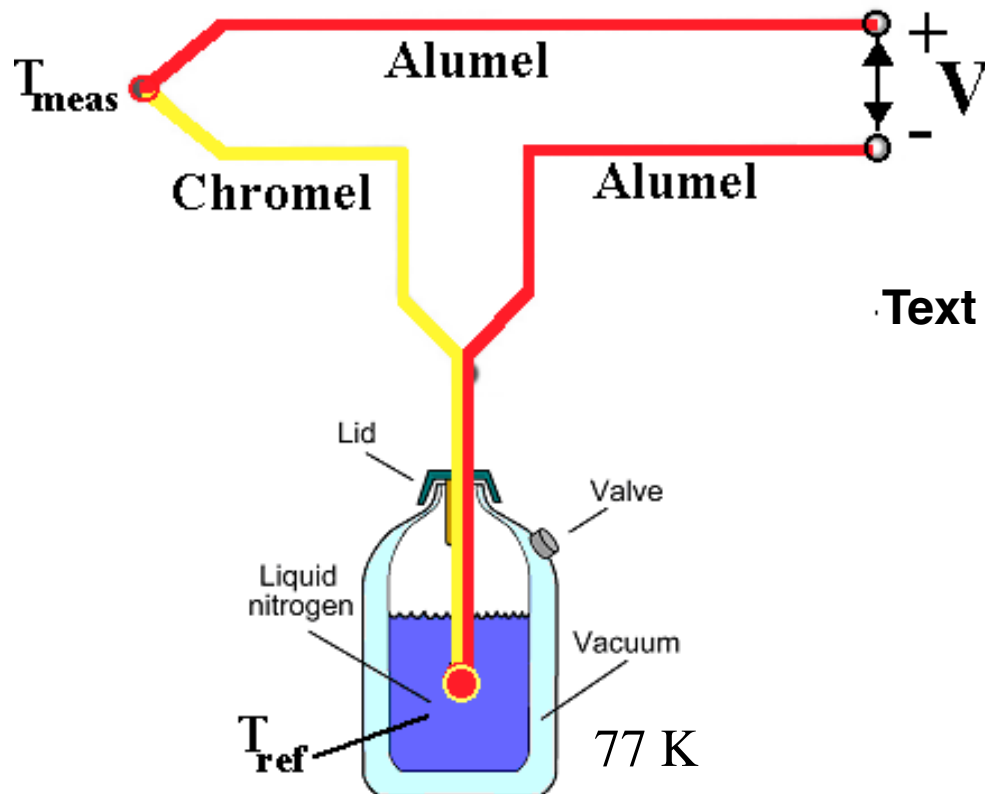
## Homework 8: Part 1a <sup>(2)</sup>

- Hint .. Your Voltage/Temperature plot should look something like ...

Temperature, Voltage Curve for Thermistor



## Homework 8: Part 2a



- a) A type-K thermocouple has its reference junction submersed in liquid nitrogen at 77 K.

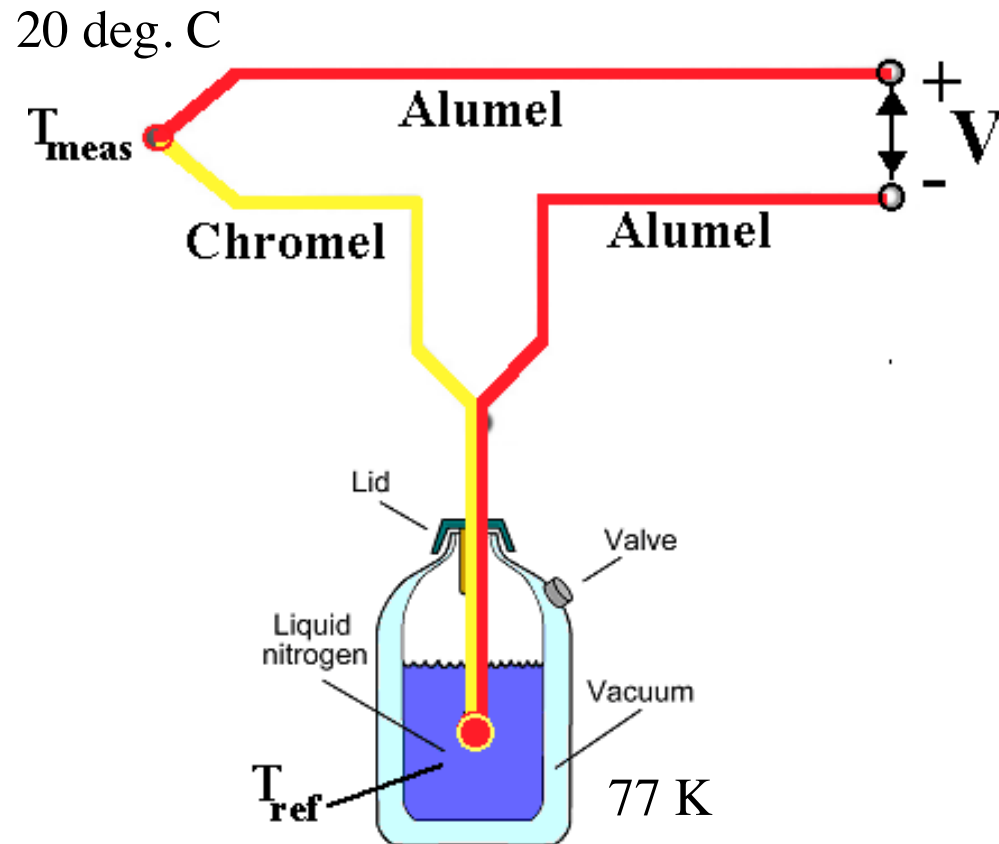
-- The measured output voltage is 1.340 mV

-- What is the temperature of the measurement junction?

Hint: —> Use the Type K TC vi posted to the web page for lab 8 !~

[http://www.neng.usu.edu/classes/mae/3340/Lab8/lab\\_8\\_VI%20Folder.zip](http://www.neng.usu.edu/classes/mae/3340/Lab8/lab_8_VI%20Folder.zip)

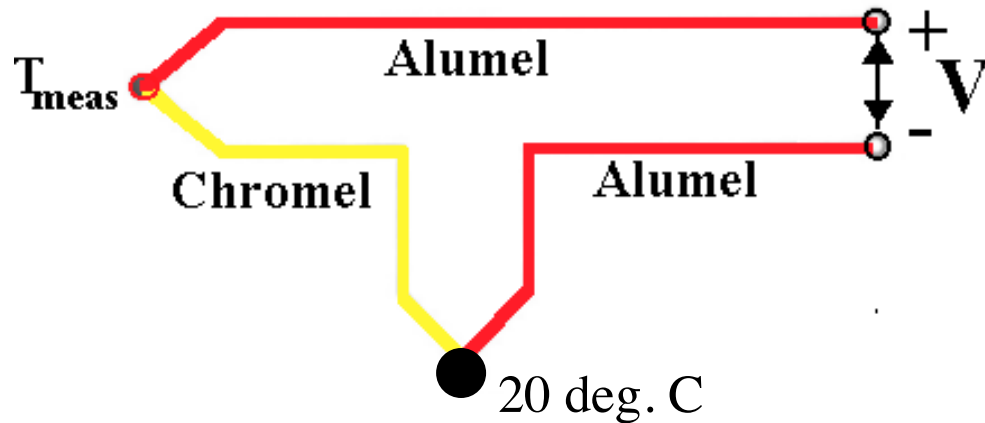
## Homework 8: Part 2b



- b) What is the output voltage when the temperature of the measurement junction is  $20 \text{ deg. C}$

-- Assume that the reference junction is still immersed in the liquid  $N_2$ .

## Homework 8: Part 2c



- c) What is the output voltage when the reference junction is removed from the liquid nitrogen bath and warmed to  $20 \text{ deg. C}$

*-- Assume that the temperature at the measurement junction is the same as for part 2a.*