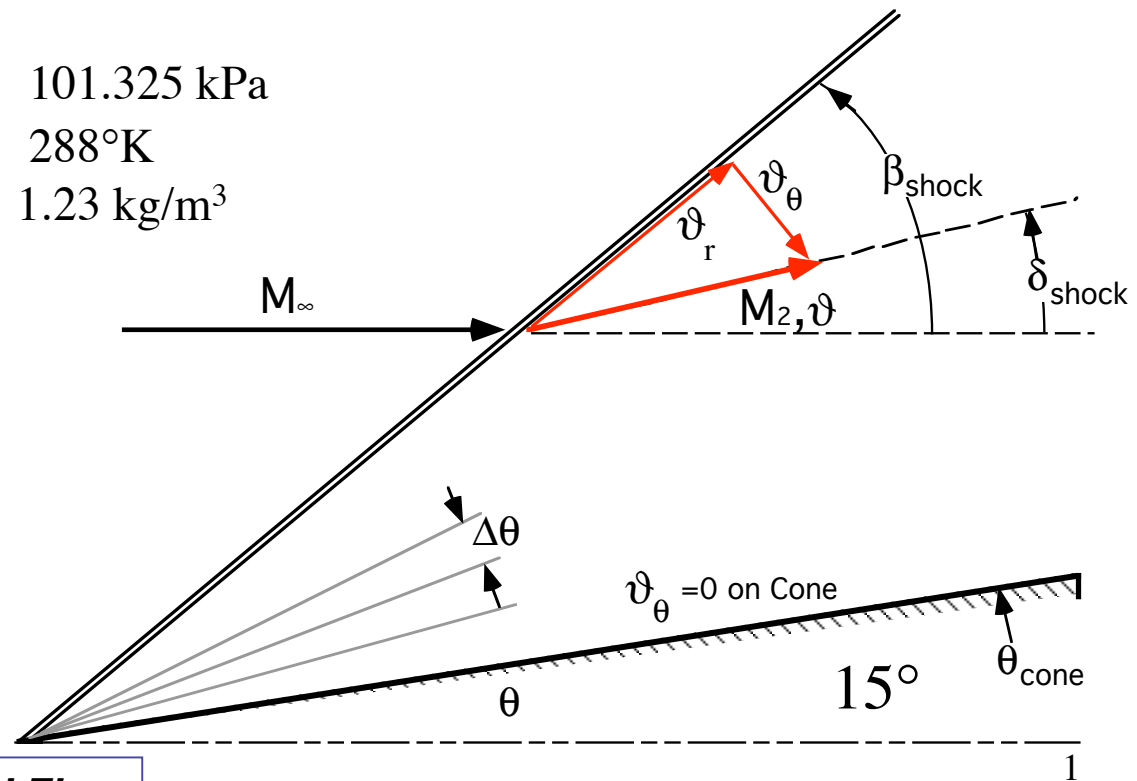


Conical Flow Example

- Code Taylor-Maccoll algorithm for cone flow
- Solve for flow conditions on surface of Cone at freestream Mach 2.0 with 15° half angle

$$\begin{aligned}
 p_\infty &= 101.325 \text{ kPa} \\
 T_\infty &= 288^\circ\text{K} \\
 \rho_\infty &= 1.23 \text{ kg/m}^3
 \end{aligned}$$

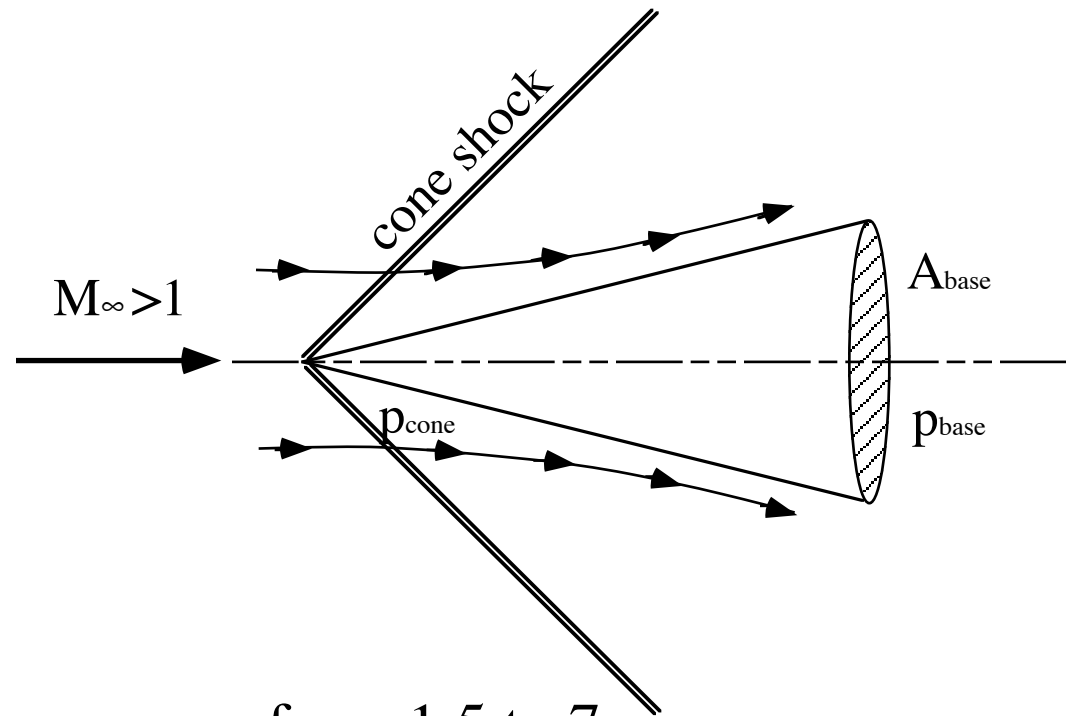


Homework 12 (Continued)

- Define $C_{D_{cone}} = \frac{D_{cone}}{q_{\infty} A_{base}}$

**• Hint: You'll have to do trial
And error for each mach number to get the
Shock angle correct**

- Derive an expression for the cone wave drag as a function of the cone surface pressure (p_{cone}) and the base pressure (p_{base})



- Assume $p_{base} = p_{\infty}$
plot $C_{D_{cone}}$ versus Mach over range from 1.5 to 7

Part 1 Solution

11.1 (a) $\theta_{\text{shock}} = 0.592 \text{ rad} = \mathbf{33.897 \text{ deg.}}$

(b) $p_s/p_\infty = 1.286 \therefore p_s = 1.286 (1.01 \times 10^5) = \mathbf{1.3 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2}$

$\rho_s/\rho_\infty = 1.196 \therefore \rho_s = 1.196 (1.23) = \mathbf{1.47 \text{ kg/m}^3}$

$T_s/T_\infty = 1.075 \therefore T_s = 1.075 (288) = \mathbf{310^\circ\text{K}}$

$M_s = \mathbf{1.835}$

(c) $p_c/p_\infty = 1.566 \quad \mathbf{p_c = 1.58 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2}$

$\rho_c/\rho_\infty = 1.377 \quad \mathbf{\rho_c = 1.69 \text{ kg/m}^3}$

$T_c/T_\infty = 1.137 \quad \mathbf{T_c = 327^\circ\text{K}}$

$\mathbf{M_c = 1.707}$

Part 2 Solution

11.2

$$dA = 2\pi r ds = 2\pi r \frac{dx}{\cos\theta}$$

$$dD = p_c \left(2\pi r \frac{dx}{\cos\theta} \right) \sin\theta - 2\pi r p_b dr$$

$$\frac{r}{x} = \tan\theta \therefore x = \frac{r}{\tan\theta} \text{ and } dx = \frac{dr}{\tan\theta}$$

$$dD = 2\pi r p_c dr - 2\pi r p_b dr$$

$$D = \int_0^{r_b} dD = 2\pi (p_c - p_b) \frac{r_b^2}{2} = \pi (p_c - p_b) r_b^2$$

$$C_D = \frac{D}{q_\infty A_b} = \frac{D}{q_\infty \pi r_b^2} = \frac{p_c - p_b}{q_\infty}$$

$$C_{D_{cone}} = \frac{D_{cone}}{q_\infty A_{base}} = \frac{1}{\frac{\gamma}{2} M_\infty^2} \left[\frac{p_c}{p_\infty} - \frac{p_b}{p_\infty} \right]$$

10
1-3-94 JSD

SANDIA REPORT

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A Review and Development of Correlations for Base Pressure and Base Heating in Supersonic Flow

Turbulent Cone/Base Flow
Correlation

$$\frac{P_b}{P_\infty} = \left(\frac{P_e}{P_\infty}\right)^2 \left[0.025 + 0.906 \left(1 + \frac{\gamma-1}{2} M_e^2\right)^{1/2}\right]^J$$

J. Parker Lamb, William L. Oberkampf

where

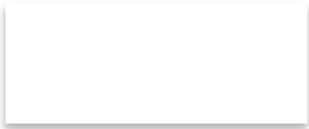
$$J = 1.7/\ln\left(\frac{21}{\theta_c}\right)$$

where θ_c is in deg.

Prepared by
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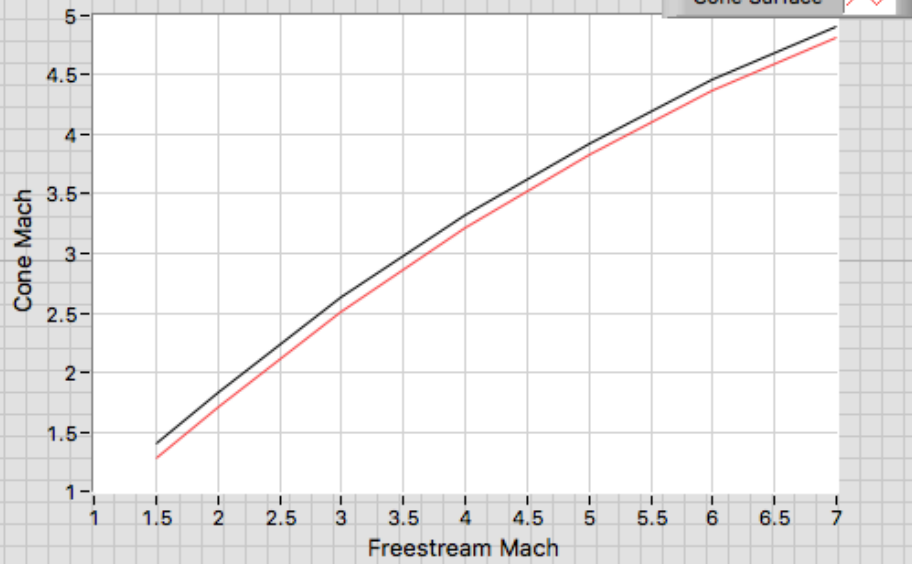
Part 2 Solution (cont'd)



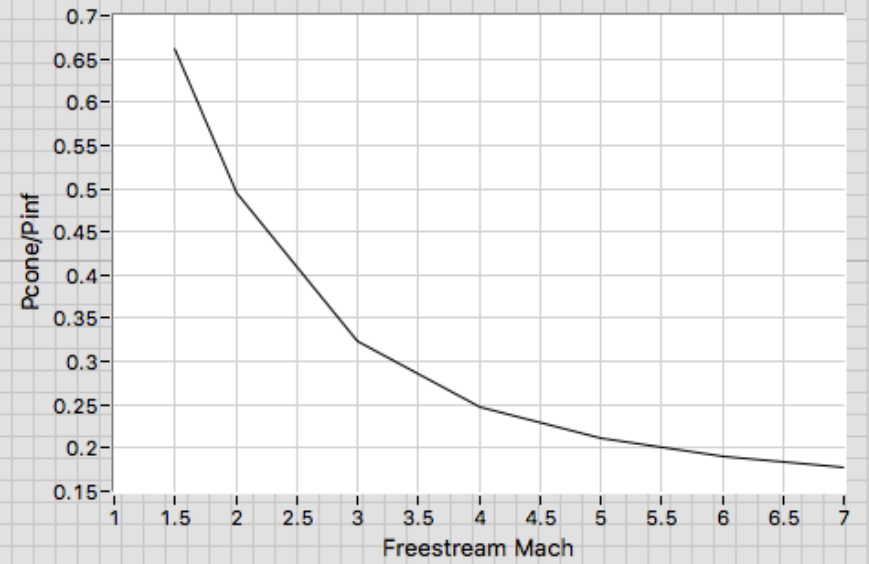
For $\theta_c = 15^\circ$

$\underline{M_\infty}$	$C_{D_{cone}}$
1.5	0.6614
2.0	0.4941
3.0	0.3225
4.0	0.2477
5.0	0.2106
6.0	0.1896
7.0	0.1766

Cone Shock/Surface Mach Number



Cone Drag Coefficient



Cone Surface/Base Pressure Ratio

